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OO CANADIAN PATENT

ORTHOPEDIC DRILL GUIDE APPARATUS

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D APPLICATION No. 154,660 (MES) (CC). 24, 1972

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Sta. Of CLAIMS 14

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Picts of the Invention:

The drill guide apporatus of present invention relates to a device for guiding a Grill to drill a bore in a fractured. bone or the like.

Description of the Prior Art:

In hip pinning sperations, it has been common prestice for orthopedic curgoons to obtain X-rays of a fractured trochenter and then estimate the desired location and angularity for the hip pin and then drill a series of guide bores in accordance with such estimation. Theresiter, additional X-rays are taken to detarmine the location of the guide bores and if such bores are not properly located, additional bores are drilled and further X-rays taken. Such a trial-and-error procedure is time consuming and expensive while subjecting the patient to extended operative risks and traums.

Numerous hip pin guide devices have been proposed for inscrition in a large instain formed along the upper featral shaft to locate and maintain the desired angularity for a drill while drilling a bord down the axis of the trochenter. However, with devices are generally unsatisfactory because of the requirement of a large instain and the additional rick of infeation and traums.

In the carly 30's a rather cumbersome Grill guide was proposed which wounted directly on the fracture table. This device is described in an article by Sven Johansson published in the Scandinavian orthopodic journal entitled ACTA CATAO STAO STAND 1. 1929. A large sumbersome apparetus of this type ouffers the chartecaing that it is exmborated to use and hinders access to the fracture size. Purther, each devices are difficult to execution the risk of contomination.

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The crinopadia drill guide apparatus of present invention is characterized by a hand-hold pistol device having siming means mounted thereon for being aligned over a selected point on an X-ray image-producing target disposed over the fracture ofto. Guide means is mounted on the pistol device in alignment with the siming means and an indicator is provided for indicating when the pistol device is oriented to align the guide means with the siming means to thereby guide the drill directly along a line corresponding with the location and crientation of the siming means.

The object and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from a consideration of the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

PIG. 1 is a top plan view of a patient sufforing e fractured trochantor which may have a bore drilled therein by a drill guide apparatus embedying the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a side elevational view of the patient whomas in Fig. 1:

FIG. 5 is a diagrammatic viou of an X-ray of the truchenter of the petient shown in Fig. 1:

FIG. 4 is a perspective vice of a drill guide apparatuo cabodying the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a front view of an anteversion angle indicator which may be utilized with and drill guide opporatus shown in PIG. 41

FIG. 6 is a top view, in reduced easts, of the drill guide apparatus shown in FIG. 4 being utilized to guide a drill dean the sais of a patient's trochanter:

FIG. 7 is a vertical acctional view taken along the line

PIG. 8 is a perspective view of an elming pin which may be utilized with the drill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 4;

Fig. 9 is a detailed view of a modification of the drill Eulde apparatus shown in Fig. 4;

PIG. 10 is a vertical sociated view token slong the 12ne 10-10 of PIG. 9;

P20. 11 is a vertical contional view texas through a patient's hip and chowing the Grill guide apparatus shown in P20. 4 being utilized to guide a bone drill;

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FIG. 12 is a vertical soctional view, in enlarged scale, taken slong the line 12-12 of FIG. 11;

wilch has had hip pine inserted by moone of the drile guide apparatus shown in FIG. 41

PIG. 16 is a front view of a accord modification of the drill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 1;

PID. 15 is a partial front view of a third modification of the Crill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 1:

DEG. 16 is a perspective vice of a fixed chank hip pin guide which may be used with the drill guide shown in Fig. 4;

FIG. 17 10 0 from 9 view of the drill guide shown in Fig. 16;

FIG. 18 is a vertical sectional view, in enlarged coole, schon sions the line 16-18 of PIG. 17:

FIG. 19 is a schematte view of an X-ray having the fixed chank drill guide shewn in PID. 36 disposed thereover; and PIG. 20 is a front view of a fixed shank hip pin.

CERTIFICATION OF THE PROPERTY **PERCOLLINAL**

Referring to PIOS. 4. 6 and 7. the drill guide apparatus of present invention includes, concretly, a pictol device in the form or an inverted L-shaped member 31 having an aiming pin 33 mounted on the borrel thereof and a through vertically. extending drill guide slot 35 formed in the vertical leg thoroof. Buspended beneath the barrel of the pistol daying 31 is a pendulum type transverse indicator 41 for indicating the transverse inclination of such pistol device. Thus, a motalile target, generally designated 43, (FIG. 6) may be placed over a patient's grein area near a fractured trochanter and the siming pin 33 aligned over a polected point on much carget and the pistol device 31 rotated about its longitudinal sais until the vertical indicator 41 indicates the drill guide slot 35 is aligned directly below the siming pin 39 for roomles of the bone drill 47 to maintein such Grill in the vertical plen of the miming oin 33.

a longitudinally extending borrol 31 which to formed in the

upper extractly with a longitudinally extending upwardly opening groove 53 for receipt of the aiming pin 39.

soraw 55 to coresed into a threaded transverse bord thoroby such cores may be tightened against the siming pla 33 to hold

Referring to PIO. 4, the pistol dovice 31 is formed with

it in position. The pistol device 31 further includes a

Conneardly projecting vertical leg 57 which has an extension

59 tolocopped uppordly over the lover and thereof. The on-

tension 59 is formed with an upwardly opening passage 62 for receipt of the lower extremity of the vertical les 57. A shumb

seres \$9 10 carosod tate a threaded bere formed in the ex-

tenmion by to be coresed inwardly against the vertical les 37 to hold the extension 59 in fixed telessegies! rejorionship

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with respect thereto.

The transverse indicator 41 is suspended beneath the berrol 41 by means of a pivot pin 67 for free rotation thereof.

A longitudinal indicator in the form of a pendulum type pointer, generally designated 71, is mounted on the side of the pictol device 31 by means of a pivot pin 73 and is formed with a democratly projecting weight 75 and as upwardly projecting pointer 77 which points to a vertical indicator line 81 to indicate the longitudinal inclination of such pistol device.

The torget 43 is constructed from a computat restlient, heavy motallic wire and is formed with a plurality of lengttudinally opaced chaped elements 65 which are all of a different configuration so each one can be easily identified on an X-ray. The spaced elements 65 included in the target 43 shown in Pic. 6, are in the form of turned-back loops to form a computat acknowled sign wave having the appares of the individual elements disposed at one inch specings from one enother. The apposite cade of the terget 43 terminate in closed coils forming respective holding loops 67 which may conveniently receive towal cites 69 for elipping the terget 43 to the patient's owin or draping to thereby maintain such targets cosurely in cosition.

In operation, when the drill guide apparatus of present invention is to be utilized for drilling a bard in a fractured prophenter 45, the patient is placed on his back on a fracture toble 91 and the positions rendered impetite and secured in position by conventional traction devices or the like. The termset 43 is then possitioned ever the injured trachanter and extended to extend generally prenevered to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) of the injured trachanter to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) the injured trachanter to be the content of the conte

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post 99 to be elessly held in a horisontal plane and ouch camera is moved into position over the trachanter area and an enterior-posterior pleasure taken to produce an enterior-posterior x-reylog as shown in PIO. 3. The surgeon will then review the X-ray 101 to determine that the extended exis 95 of the trochanter 45 intersects the image of the target 43 at a point 103 formed by the lever portion or the chaped element 65 disposed third from the top and of such target 43.

The axis of the trochenter normally extends at an angle between 10 and 30 degrees from the horizontal when the potient is lying on his back as shown in PIG. 1. This angle is nermally referred to as the angle of anteversion. It is common procises to obtain an estimate of the angle of anteversion by taking a lateral X-ray looking inwardly from the side of the patient and then viewing the X-ray to obtain an estimate of the cases of the cases of the cases of another the cases of the another the cases of the cases o

The surgoon will then loosen the thumb scrow 55 to adjust the siming pin 53 in the passage 53 such that the projecting enteresty projects over the target 69. The surgoon will them align the siming pin 33 over the point 111 on the target 43 which corresponds with the point 103 on the image 105. While maintaining this elignment and holding the pictol device 31 to maintain the ciming pin 33 generally aligned over the sais 35 of the trochanter, the surgeon will retate such pictol device 31 hange directly downwardly along the fromt side of the vertical leg 57 to thereby assure that the Grill guide sict 33 is aligned vertically under outh siming pin 33. The bone drill 47 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 57 and interest 35 carefully under outh siming pin 33. The bone drill 47 may then be inscribed through the drill plate 97 and interest 35 carefully under such the drill plate 35 of the

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the cining pin 33. The elongated vertical elot 35 caption the vertical location of the drill 47 to be captly adjusted and the estimated angle of anteversion to be held.

I have provided an entererion indicator, generally decignated 121, as shown in PIOS. 5. 6 and 7 for securetely holding the angle of entererion during drilling. The entererion indicator 121 is in the form of a base plate 123 having a series of bares 125 formed through the upper entererity there of for receipt of different sized bone drills by. Disposed on the front of the plate 123 is a pendulum pointer 127 correct from a pivot pin 189. The angle marks 131 are scribed on the front of the plate 123 for indicating the inclination of the anteresion indicator 121. Consequently, in use if the angle of anteresion is determined to be 10 degrees the drill is increated through one of the bores 125 and then through the drill guide slot 25 as shown in DES. 7. The Grill by util then be held at the indicated entererion angle of 10 degrees while the bore is drilled in the trochenter 45.

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An extension, generally designated 135, which may be out stituted for the extension 59 is shown in PIG. 9. The extension 135 includes a through longitudinal alos 137 for receipt of a guide disc 159. Formed in the walls of the axlension 135 on appealtd sides of the slot 137 are a pair of vertically extending slots defining tracks 141 for receipt of recepeative hubs 145 projecting from appealtd sides of the disc 139. The Giod 139 includes a plurality of redially extending disselves defill guide bores 140 of different dismeters as shown in PIG. 20. A series of exgle indication marks 147 are soribed as the cutomater 159 and redially extending limbs 149 are

respective bores 145 for cooperation with the marks 147 to determine if the angle at which a drill extending through end of the bores 145 is projecting.

Consequently, when the extension 137 is utilized with the plated device 31, the Grill 47 may be inserted through the bore 145 of the appropriate size and with the plated dovice criented to have the siming pin 33 extending horizontally as indicated by the longitudinal indicator 71, the angle of the drill projecting from one of the bores 145 may be determined by noting the degree line 147 with which the line 149 corresponding to the bore 145 through which the Grill extended to aligned.

Referring to PIGE. HI and 12, a drill jig, generally designated 151, is provided with a plurality of spaced apart parallel extending guide bores 153 whereby a bore may be drilled in the trochember 45 and a pin 155 inserted therein with a portion of such pim projecting for receipt in one of the bores 153 in the jig 151. With this arrangement, additional bores may be driated in the trochember 45 in spaced apart relationship and projecting parallel to the pin 155 by morely inserting the drill in different tores 153 and using cuch bores as a guide for drilling bores in the trochember for receipt of additional pine to thereby enable incatalistics of a plurality of parallel pine 155 as shown in 710. 15.

The drill guide apportague there in Pid. 14 is similar to Pid. 4 except that the pistel device 31 includes a vertical extension 151 which has the lower end thereof angled in-wardly to samplement the phase of the patient's hip.

The extension, generally designated 165, chown in 720. As is aimiliar to the extension 39 except that 10 to formed with

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e longitudinally extending through alot which alidably recalves an arm 167 that cerries a guide disc 139 on the lower.
extremity thereof. Extending longitudinally through the arm
157 is a threaded brake rod which terminates at its upper
and in a thumb screen heed 171. Consequently, the guide disc
139 may be set at a perticular setting and the brake 171
tightened to hold such disc 139 looked in the desired position.

Referring to FIGS. 16-80, a fixed chank hip pin guide; generally designated 175, is provided for holding the angularity of a drill while drilling a bore for receipt of a fixed chank hip pin, generally designated 176, as shown in PIG. 20. The guide 175 includes a barrel 177 having a side opening longitudinal ales 179 formed therein for receipt of the guide pin 33. Thumb screen 165 are provided for tightening the siming pin 33 in place. Extending as an angle of approximately 135 degrees to the barrel 177 is a log 187 which had a transverse bore 191 formed therein for receipt of an indexing pin 193.

The fixed flenge hip pin 170 Analudes a rail 195 that extends at an engle of 135 degrees from the flenge 197.

Installation of the hip pin 176 is similar to imatellation of the eferementioned hip pin except that a second
torget 45' is laid ever the injured grain area prior to the
taking of the anterior-posterior x-ray to produce an X-ray
image similar to that shown in PIG. 19. The siming pin 23
10 again positioned over the X-ray to extend slong the trochander axis and the flange 287 of the guide 175 is laid
along the lateral side of the femoral shaft 201. The point
at which siming pin 33 intersects the image of the target 45
to then marked, so to the point at which the Ander pin 193
intersects the target the intersect

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Some the petient's hip and oriented to cause the ciming pin 33 and index pin 193 to intersect the targets 43 and 43' at the respective points corresponding with those marked on the X-ray. The passage 53 of the guide apparatus 31 may then be inserted over the rear extremity of the ciming pin 33 and such pictol device rotated to align the transverse indicator 41 with the les 57 to position the guide slot 25 directly below 4 the ciming pin 33.

A lakeral incidion may be made along cide the upper femoral chaft 201 and a drill 47 inserted through an ento-version angle indicator 121 and through the clot 35 to drill the decired boro in the trochanter. The drill 47 may then be removed and the noil 195 of the pin 176 inserted in the resultant bore, it being realized that the shank 197 will then be disposed at the required angle to lie along the letteral curfoce of the femoral chaft 201. Hereas may be inserted through the chanke 197 to hold the pin in place.

While the procedures described hereinabove drastically reduce the number of X-rays that must be taken during a pinning operation, it will be appreciated that X-rays may be taken after the operation to confirm the proper location of the pin installed.

From the foregoing it will be apparent that the drill guide apparentual of present invention provides an economical and convenient means for drilling a bore at a desired location in a trochanter or the like. The bore may easily be located without the necessity of trial and error drilling and the taking of numerous X-rays thereby substantially reducing the solt of operation and slee the operating time thereby reducing the risk of containents one the operating time thereby reducing the risk of containents one the operating time thereby reducing the risk of containents one the operation of the passions of the containents.

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Vorious modifications and changed may be made with regard to the foregoing detailed description without departing from the opinit of the invention.

The embodiments of the invention in which on enclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined on follows:

1. Orthopedic drill guido apparatus for use in drilling o bore in a bone and comprising:

en X-rey image-producing target for placement exteriorly on said patient adjacent said bone:

a portable pistol dovido

Ciming means mounted on the top of said pistol device of alignment with said torget;

drill guide means mounted on said pistol device and disposed below said siming means;

verse inclination of cald piatol device whereby cold target may be placed exteriorly on a potient adjacent said bone, an X-rey machine oriented in a selected plane over said bone and simod at cold target and said bone, an X-rey ploture taken, a target point solected on the image of said target, said siming means aimed at the corresponding target point and said siming means aimed at the corresponding target point and said piatol device maneuvered about white cold siming means and durresponding target apos until said brankverse indicator means indicates said siming means and suide means ore in a plane perpendicular to the plane of said X-rey machine, a Grill extended through said drill said means and a bore drilled in said bone.

8. Orthopodio drill guido apperatus de cos forth in Claim l'uboroin:

maid drill guide moans to in the form of an elemented guide clot for receiving said drill.

3. Orthopedia drill guide apporatus as sat forth in alaim 1 wherein:

coid eiming meens include an econgated guide pin pre-

entreally eligned over cold taxget.

4. Orthopodic drill guide apparatus as sot forth in Slaim 1 wherein:

cold target includes a plurality of different shaped figures disposed at selected distances from one another.

5. Orthopedio drill guide apparatus se set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

said indicator mound is in the form of pendulum means.

6. Crihopodio drill guide apparatus da set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

said pistol device is in the form of an inverted Lchaped element;

from the horizontal leg of cald pictol device.

7. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus as set forth in

coid drill guido means includes a guido dico rescabily accumbed on said pistol device and including a plurality of reducibly projecting through guido passages of different cross sections.

8. Orthopedic drill quide apparatus as not forth in Siele 1 that includes:

precises thereby said drill may be inserted through said Grill Guido means to drill a first boro in said bone, one end of a pin inserted in coid first boro with the especial entereday prejecting therefrom, said jis installed on said pin by incerting coid entereday in one of said drill passages and said Grill inserted in other of said drill passages and said Grill inserted in other of said drill passages to drill barge gradies to coid first boroe.

9. Crinopodie Grill Guido epporetus es sot foren in

longitudinal indicator month on said pistol device for indicating the longitudinal inclination of said pistol device and wherein;

ongle of enterersion of said drill.

10. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus as set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

josting portion having said siming means mounted thereon and a vertically projecting portion having said suite means of suite means accorded to the said sources, further including a tolescoping means interconnecting said horizontal section and said vertical section.

11. Orthopodic Grill guido apparatus as set forth in Sieim 1 that includes:

begins of the control of the femoral short and sold treshold along the control of the control of

cold fixed onesk guide can be transferred to the patient with cold treetenters; siring means and index means aligned with corresponding points on cald target and sold first mentioned aims means that the cold trochasters aiming means to loosto cold drill guide means for receipt of cald drill.

12. Orthopodic Grill Guido apparatus as cot forth in Gloim 1 storein:

projecting transversely to said siming meens; and

cold drill guide to received for longitudinal eliding in cald breek and includes a plurality of different circle through passages for receips of different sized drills.

13. Orthopedie Grill guido apparatus as sot forth in Claim 1 that includes:

ca enterersion engle indicator including a base plate formed with a Grill passage therethrough and enterersion indicator means mounted on said plate.

14. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus so set forth in Cloim 3 whorein:

telescopical receipt of only pin and tightening means for bightening cold guide pin in position.







